

# **Teen Dating Violence Factsheet**

teen dating violence is abuse between current or former intimate partners that can involve physical, emotional or sexual abuse or stalking. It is widespread, serious and can be just as dangerous as adult intimate partner abuse. Far too many teens are experiencing it, but many never reach out for help. Prevention efforts for teens and preteens that raise awareness and promote healthy relations are essential to fighting the issue of domestic violence and ending the cycle of abuse.

### epidemic

- Nearly 1.5 million high school students nationwide experience physical abuse from a dating partner in a single year.<sup>1</sup>
- Nearly 1 in 10 high school students report being hit, slapped, or physically hurt on purpose by their partner.<sup>2</sup>
- 1 in 3 teen girls in the United States is a victim of physical, emotional or verbal abuse from a dating partner.<sup>3</sup>
- Women between 16 and 24 experience a rate of intimate partner violence, almost triple the national average.<sup>4</sup>
- Teens in same-sex relationships experience rates of abuse similar to rates experienced by teens in heterosexual relationships.<sup>5</sup>



### impact

- \* Half of youth who have been victims of both dating violence and rape attempt suicide, compared to 12.5% of non-abused girls and 5.4% of non-abused boys.<sup>6</sup>
- Physical and sexual dating violence against adolescent girls is associated with increased risk of drug or alcohol use, eating disorders, sexual risk behaviors, pregnancy and attempts to commit or consider suicide.
- \* Having been a victim of physical dating violence is associated with lower than average grades and poor school attachment for male and female students in grades 7 through 12.8

#### hidden

- Only 33% of teens who were in an abusive relationship ever told anyone about the abuse.9
- Nearly two-thirds of parents (63%) whose children have been in a dating relationship say dating violence has not been a problem for their teens, but the data shows otherwise.<sup>10</sup>

## tweens and college students

- \* Among 11 to 14-year-olds who have been in a relationship: (62%) say they know friends who have been verbally abused (called stupid, worthless, ugly, etc.) by a boyfriend/girlfriend.<sup>11</sup>
- 43% of dating college women report experiencing violent and abusive dating behaviors including physical, sexual, tech, verbal or controlling abuse.<sup>12</sup>

### technology & abuse

1 in 4 teens in a relationship say they have been called names, harassed or put down by their partner through cellphones and texting.<sup>13</sup>

### hope for the future

\* Only 25% of teens have taken a course on relationships and dating at school, but of those who have, (75%) say they now feel confident that they would be able to judge whether a relationship is abusive. 14

### is it abuse?

An unhealthy relationship has an imbalance in which one person tries to gain power and control over the other through threats, emotional/verbal abuse, or physical or sexual violence. It can include:

- Name calling, making a person feel stupid, telling them they can't do anything right.
- Making all the decisions, telling someone what to do, what to wear, who to spend time with.
- Constant text messages or cell phone calls that make the other person feel uncomfortable or disrupt their life.
- Checking someone's cell phone, email or social media accounts without permission or humiliating them through social media
- Cutting a person off from friends and family. Monopolizing all their time.
- Pressuring or forcing someone into sexual activity or sexting.
- Shoving, grabbing, hitting, pinching, or kicking someone.
- Intimidating them through looks or actions
- Excessive jealousy and possessiveness.
- Threatening suicide if the relationship ends
- Threatening to out someone to their friends or family

"I'm not quite sure when I lost myself in this relationship, but before I knew it, I was in the thick of it."

### what does a healthy relationship look like?

Relationships should be built on a foundation of respect and

[[should include qualities like honesty, trust, support, and understanding. Even if someone is just hooking up and not in a serious relationship, people still deserve to be treated with respect. Healthy relationships include:

- Respecting one another's individuality, opinions and choices.
- The ability to share feelings honestly or disagree and feel safe.
- Understanding and supporting the other's desire to spend time alone or with friends or family.

"Love should feel safe, even if you disagree"

### if you think you, your teen, or your friend is being abused

New Hampshire's crisis center advocates are standing by 24/7 to support you or provide information. You don't need to be in crisis to call and you can remain anonymous by choosing not to give your name. Advocates can provide emotional support and safety planning and share information about legal options like restraining orders. The most important messages to give someone who is being abused are: "I believe you," "You don't deserve to be treated like this," and "I will be there to listen and support you."

### if you think you, your teen, or your friend is being abusive

Know that there are better and healthier ways to communicate and treat people. Violence and abuse are a choices and it's important to take responsibility and get help to end the behavior. If you see someone being abusive, let them know that you are concerned and it's not okay. Educate yourself about healthy relationships and encourage others to do the same.

### New Hampshire's domestic violence hotline: 1-866-644-3574

Visit the <u>New Hampshire Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence website</u> at <u>www.nhcadsv.org</u>

To find out about more resources or to find a <u>crisis center near you</u>

#### References:

- 1. *Physical Dating and Violence Among High School Students*, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention United States, 2003, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, May 19, 2006, Vol. 55, No. 19
- 2. Youth Risk Behavior Survey, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2011
- 3. Davis, MPP, Antoinette, *Interpersonal and Physical Dating Violence among Teens*, Focus, Views from the National Council on Crime and Delinquency, September 2008
- 4. Intimate Partner Violence in the United States, 1993-2004. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice and Statistics, 2006
- 5. Halpern CT, Young ML, Waller MW, Martin SL & Kupper LL., *Prevalence of Partner Violence in Same-sex Romantic and Sexual Relationships in a National Sample of Adolescents*, Journal of Adolescent Health. 35(2): 124-131., 2004
- 6. D. M. Ackard, Minneapolis, MN, and D. Neumark-Sztainer, *Date Violence and Date Rape Among Adolescents: Associations with Disordered Eating Behaviors and Psychological Health, Child Abuse & Neglect*, 26 455-473, Division of Epidemiology, School of Public Health, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, , 2002.
- 7. Jay G. Silverman, PhD; Anita Raj, PhD; Lorelei A. Mucci, MPH; Jeanne E. Hathaway, MD, MPH, *Dating Violence Against Adolescent Girls and Associated Substance Use, Unhealthy Weight Control, Sexual Risk Behavior, Pregnancy and Suicidality,* Journal of the American Medical Association, August 1, 2001.
- 8. Banyard, VL, Cross C. *Consequences of Teen Dating Violence: Understanding Intervening Variables in Ecological Context*. Violence Against Women. 14:998-1013, 2008
- 9. Omnibuzz® Topline Findings—Teen Relationship Abuse Research, conducted by Teenage Research Unlimited and Liz Claiborne, (February 2005)
- 10. Teen Dating Abuse Report 2009, Impact of the Economy and Parent/Teen Dialogue on Dating Relationships and Abuse, Fifth & Pacific Companies, Inc. and the Family Violence Prevention Fund, 2009
- 11. Tween and Dating Violence Abuse Study, Teen Research Unlimited and Fifth and Pacific, July 2008
- 12. College Dating Violence and Abuse Poll, Knowledge Networks, Liz Claiborne Inc., 2011
- 13. Tech Abuse in Teen Relationships Study, Teen Research Unlimited, Liz Claiborne Inc., 2007
- 14. Teen Relationship Abuse Survey, Family Violence Prevention Fund, Liz Claiborne Inc., 2009