On-Site Medical SBC & Mobile Clinic Staff Training Assessment

Section 1: General Guidance

- 1. The COVID-19 vaccine provides the best protection against the flu.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. The severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (COVID-19) virus is not airborne.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 3. Which of the following should you remind people to do to help minimize the spread of germs? (Select all that apply)
 - a. Go to crowded places
 - b. Wash their hands frequently
 - c. Cover their coughs and sneezes
 - d. Avoid people who are sick
- 4. To prevent COVID-19 or influenza, should you?
 - a. Avoid close contact with others. Stay at least 6 feet away
 - b. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol, if soap and water are not available
 - c. Wash hands often with soap and water
 - d. Wear a mask that covers your mouth and nose
 - e. All of the above
- 5. How do you help protect patient privacy?
 - a. Keep all information collected to a minimum need to know
 - b. Keep all conversations low so as not to be overheard
 - c. Keep areas where information is collected screened off
 - d. Keep consent forms locked up and secure during clinic hours
 - e. Keep conversations confidential
- 6. Before any volunteer or staff member arrives at their first clinic they must:
 - a. Complete all On-Site Medical Services training requirements
 - b. Review safety protocols for each clinic
 - c. Identify who the primary emergency responder will be
 - d. Establish roles of the clinic
 - e. All of the above

Section 2: Vaccine (clinical staff only)

- 1. What is the cold chain?
 - a. A collection of forms documenting chain of custody with forgotten steps
 - b. Maintaining the proper temperature from the time the vaccine is created at the manufacturer until the vaccine is administered to the patient

- c. A chain used to show when something is cold by the amount of frost on the chain; a thermocouple.
- d. A device used to wrap vaccine to keep them cold; a thermocouple
- 2. What is the maximum number of vaccines that you should pull from the cooler at any one time?
 - a. 20
 - b. 10
 - c. 1
 - d. 5
- 3. Vaccines stored in a refrigerator should be stored at what temperature?
 - a. 3°C-9°C
 - b. 2°C-8°C
 - c. 1°C-7°C
 - d. 4°C-10°C
 - e. None of the above
- 7. The appropriate temperature of a refrigerator storing COVID-19 or influenza vaccine should be monitored twice daily for fixed locations
 - a. True
 - b. False

Section 3: Vaccination (clinical only)

- 1. How many people should review and approve the consent form?
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 5
 - d. 1
- 2. In a medical emergency, who should you notify first?
 - a. Clinic supervisor
 - b. Screener
 - c. Clinic Flow Monitor
 - d. Vaccinator
 - e. Primary Emergency responder (RN or paramedic)
 - f. On-Site Medical Services
- 3. Every clinic must have a primary emergency responder. (RN or paramedic who has current CPR/BLS certification) What are some of their main duties (choose all that apply)?
 - a. Understand the Emergency Management Standing Orders in place for the clinic
 - b. Be familiar with the emergency supplies on hand, including their use and location
 - c. Recognize any signs of a severe reaction or anaphylaxis
 - d. Direct patient(s) to exit station

- e. Fill out an incident report for all incidents and notify NHIP, On-Site Medical Provider, and emergency contact or parent/guardian
- f. Verify that the patient or parent/guardian has given consent for vaccination
- g. Provide emergency treatment when indicated following the Emergency Management Standing Orders
- 4. How should you verify that you have the correct patient?
 - a. What is your name? What is your date of birth?
 - b. Are you Jon Dow born on 01/01/1990?
- 5. If the patient moves during vaccine administration and only a partial dose is given what do you do?
 - a. Treat the patient as having received a full dose
 - b. Re-use the same needle and finish up the injection
 - c. Reschedule a makeup dose after 1 month
 - d. Draw up and re-administer a new dose
 - e. Call medical provider on-call for case-by-case discussion
- 6. Given the potential for syncope (fainting) after vaccination, what measures should be taken (please select all that apply)?
 - a. Patients may stand for vaccination, if preferred
 - Clinic staff should be able to recognize the symptoms that often occur before fainting (weakness, dizziness, pallor, etc.) and take appropriate measures to prevent injuries if such symptoms occur
 - c. Vaccine recipients should be seated and observed for 5 minutes following vaccination
 - d. Vaccine recipients should be seated and observed for 15 minutes following vaccination
 - e. Patients should be seated during vaccine administration

<u>Section 4: Adverse Reactions / Incidents</u> (Clinical only)

- 1. Anyone receiving Epinephrine must be taken to an emergency room at a hospital.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. After an adverse reaction occurs, who must be notified?
 - f. NHIP
 - g. On-Call Provider with On-Site Medical Services
 - h. Principal (if school based clinic)
 - i. Student's teacher
 - j. Sponsoring provider
 - k. Parent/legal guardian or emergency contact
- 7. In the event of an adverse reaction, who fills out the incident report form and sends it to NHIP?

- a. Clinical Director
- b. Provider issuing the standing orders for the clinic
- c. Any licensed clinician
- d. Medically trained personnel involved in the incident
- e. The responding EMTs
- 8. A medical emergency has occurred. In what order would you conduct the following actions?
 - a. Call 911
 - b. Assess the patient
 - c. Initiate treatment. Administer epinephrine if indicated
 - d. Work with EMS upon their arrival

Section 5: Documentation

- 1. Which of the following must be confirmed prior to a vaccination being administered?
 - a. Signature on the consent form
 - b. Review of eligibility
 - c. Allergic reaction review
 - d. All of the above
- 2. Three forms of documentation for all vaccinations should be completed, which three forms of documentation should be completed (select all that apply)?
 - a. NHIIS online documentation (unless opt-out)
 - b. CDC covid-19 or influenza vaccination card
 - c. Consent form
 - d. Email to patient or parent/guardian
- 3. Daily clinic data should be reported to On-Site Medical Services with consent forms
 - a. Within one business day of the clinic
 - b. Monthly
 - c. Weekly
 - d. Same day as clinic